Is follow up chest X-ray required in children with round pneumonia?


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**Title**

Is follow up chest X-ray required in children with round pneumonia?

**Scenario**

An 8-year-old boy was admitted with a 5-day history of cough, shortness of breath and fever. A round opacification on his chest X-ray was reported as a round pneumonia by a consultant radiologist. He was treated with oxygen and intravenous antibiotics. He is clinically improved and medically fit for discharge. You have been asked to arrange a follow up chest X-ray and wonder as to the value of this additional exposure to radiation.

**Structured clinical question**

Is follow up X-ray required in a child with clinical and radiological findings in-keeping with round pneumonia?
We performed an online search using PubMed and Medline (1946-present) in July 2017. The key terms used were ‘round pneumonia’ or ‘round opacification’. We limited the search to include articles written in English and those relating to children. Our searches of these databases yielded 67 and 39 results respectively. On review of titles and abstracts we identified 5 relevant articles. In addition we identified a further abstract of relevance to this review. All the included articles are shown in Table 1. The level of evidence was graded according to the Oxford levels of evidence.¹

## Summary

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Citation</th>
<th>Study group (population and comparison)</th>
<th>Study type (level of evidence)</th>
<th>Outcome</th>
<th>Key result</th>
<th>Comments (one line)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Yong-Woo Kim, L. F. (2007).²</td>
<td>All children reported to have ‘round pneumonia’ between 2000-2006 in one hospital (Level 4)</td>
<td>Retrospective review of images.</td>
<td>• 109 cases</td>
<td>109 of 109 cases were correctly reported as a round pneumonia.</td>
<td>Radiological diagnosis of round pneumonia is accurate and X-ray changes resolve with patients improving condition.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Source</td>
<td>Study Design</td>
<td>Key Findings</td>
<td>Other Findings</td>
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</table>
| Fretzayas A, M. M. (2010)³   | Case controlled clinical series of 30 children with round pneumonia compared with 30 control children with lobar pneumonia. (Level 3) | - The two groups were not different with respect to severity of disease.  
- Mean hospital duration the same.  
- White cell count was considerably higher in round pneumonia.  
- All two month follow up x-rays showed full resolution  
- No case of round pneumonia was misdiagnosed. | All two month x-rays showed full resolution.  
- No cases were mistakenly labelled as round pneumonia. |
4 cases were clinically and radiologically in keeping with round pneumonia. |
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Authors</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Case Report</th>
<th>Diagnosis</th>
<th>Notes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
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<tr>
<td>H Bentur, S. H. (2012).</td>
<td>1 case report of child with radiographic findings of round opacification on chest x-ray. (Level 4)</td>
<td>Case report.</td>
<td>Diagnosis of pulmonary arteriovenous malformation.</td>
<td>This child had persistent symptoms despite treatment with antibiotics for presumed pneumonia. The persistent symptoms were not in keeping with round pneumonia and so further investigation was warranted.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yen-Li Liu, P.-S. W.-P.-H. (2014).</td>
<td>Case report of child with round pneumonia. (Level 4)</td>
<td>Case report.</td>
<td>1 case of 7 year old boy with fever and cough. Round pneumonia diagnosed on chest x-ray. Subsequently confirmed Strep Pneumoniae. Responded well to oral antibiotics and was afebrile within two days. X-ray findings resolved.</td>
<td>Responded well to oral antibiotics and was afebrile within two days. X-ray findings resolved. Findings resolved on follow up X-ray.</td>
</tr>
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</table>
Commentary

It is widely accepted that routine follow-up chest x-ray is not indicated in children with uncomplicated pneumonia who have responded well to appropriate antibiotic therapy.8,9,10,11 Guidance on the value of follow-up chest radiography in children with round pneumonia is less definitive. Some articles and reviews recommend that children with round pneumonia should have a repeat x-ray in approximately 8 weeks.12,13,14

Our current practice to perform follow up x-ray in children with round pneumonia is likely to be an extension from adult practice, where lung cancer is common.15 By contrast, round pneumonia is a well known entity within paediatrics. The physiological reasons for this are well understood.2 Children have poorly developed pathways of collateral ventilation, more closely apposed connective tissue septae and smaller alveoli than adults. The result is more compact areas of pulmonary consolidation.16

An article in 2004 on the best practice for management of paediatric community acquired pneumonia recommends repeat chest X-ray in cases of round pneumonia.13 This article cites two papers as justification for this recommendation; the first is a paper in the British Medical Journal (BMJ) by Gibson, referenced above, which does not specifically mention round pneumonia. The second paper is based on a questionnaire sent out to consultants asking when they would repeat chest X-ray.17 The 2011 British Thoracic Society guidelines on the management of paediatric community acquired pneumonia also suggest considering performing follow-up chest X-ray in those with round pneumonia.12 However, no evidence is cited to support this recommendation.

There is a paucity of literature relating to follow-up X-ray in round pneumonia and none of the abstracts we identified directly answer the question posed above. The case reports describe children who had a round opacification on chest X-ray, presenting with typical features of pneumonia and responded well to antibiotic therapy.5,6,7 In all cases when the X-ray was repeated there was full resolution of the pneumonia. The case report by Bentur et al highlights the importance of considering an alternative diagnosis for a round opacification on chest X-ray when symptoms are persistent despite appropriate treatment.5 The case controlled clinical series by Fretzayas et al demonstrated full resolution of round pneumonia on all follow-up X-rays and showed that no cases of round pneumonia were reported incorrectly.3 A retrospective review of 109 chest X-rays showed that radiological diagnosis of round pneumonia is accurate and that the X-ray changes resolve with patients improving condition.2

These studies would suggest that a follow-up chest X-ray is of limited value, if at all, in children with round pneumonia who are responding well clinically to appropriate treatment.
Clinical bottom lines

1. A child presenting with features of lower respiratory tract infection – fever, cough, increased work of breathing – who is found to have a round opacification on chest X-ray (reported by a radiologist as a round pneumonia), should be treated with appropriate antibiotics. (Grade C)
2. A child with round pneumonia who is responding appropriately to antibiotic therapy does not require follow-up chest X-ray. (Grade C)

Competing interest: None declared.

References


